This assignment should be completed by Wednesday, November 17th. Note: there is nothing to hand in for this assignment. In this homework assignment, you will explore:

- Interfacing C and Assembly
- Data Conversion

The reading for this assignment is available on the course web site.

1. Analyze the code example on the course web site which demonstrates how to interface C and assembly modules. Make sure you understand how the makefile is utilized to combine these modules into a single output file. Make sure you understand how parameters are passed to subroutines and how they are accessed on the stack.
   a) Are parameters passed on the internal or external stack in the MICRO-C compact memory model?
   b) How many bytes does each parameter occupy on the stack?
   c) What register is used by MICRO-C in order to access parameters on the stack?
   d) Suppose you write a function in assembly which needs to call a function which is written in C. Write an assembly module which can correctly call the C function 'localfunction1', located in the code example on the course web site.

2. Review the notes on data conversion handed out in class.

3. Review the DAC and ADC Application Notes and URLs at: http://ece-www.colorado.edu/~mcclurel/misc.html#data_conversion_information

4. What are the relative advantages/disadvantages of choosing a DAC which outputs a voltage versus one which outputs a current?

5. How can you use a DAC and a microprocessor to create an arbitrary waveform generator? Describe at least two ways you could control the amplitude of the output waveform in such a system.

6. Suppose you want to sample a time varying signal which has frequency components up to 2000Hz and varies between +1.5V and 3.0V.
   a) What sampling rate would you choose and why?
   b) What considerations would you make when choosing the reference voltages for your ADC?

7. Suppose you want to sample a 1000Hz sine wave. What sampling rate would you choose and why?

8. Suppose you want to sample a 1000Hz square wave. What sampling rate would you choose and why?

9. What is the voltage resolution of an 8-bit ADC which has reference voltages of +5V and 0V?

10. What is the voltage resolution of an 8-bit ADC which has reference voltages of +1V and 0V?