
Example 2.2 Calculate the energy bandgap of germanium, silicon and gallium arsenide at 300, 400, 500 and 600 K.

Solution The bandgap of silicon at 300 K equals:

$$E_g(300\text{ K}) = E_g(0\text{ K}) - \frac{aT^2}{T + b}$$
$$= 1.166 - \frac{0.473 \times 10^{-3} \times (300)^2}{300 + 636} = 1.12\text{ eV}$$

Similarly one finds the energy bandgap for germanium and gallium arsenide, as well as at different temperatures, yielding:

	Germanium	Silicon	Gallium Arsenide
$T = 300\text{ K}$	0.66 eV	1.12 eV	1.42 eV
$T = 400\text{ K}$	0.62 eV	1.09 eV	1.38 eV
$T = 500\text{ K}$	0.58 eV	1.06 eV	1.33 eV
$T = 600\text{ K}$	0.54 eV	1.03 eV	1.28 eV
