

# Chapter 4: p-n Junctions

## 4.2. Structure and principle of operation

$$f_i = V_t \ln \frac{N_d N_a}{n_i^2} \quad (4.2.1)$$

$$\mathbf{f} = \mathbf{f}_i - V_a \quad (4.2.2)$$

## 4.3. Electrostatic analysis of a p-n diode

$$\frac{d^2 \mathbf{f}}{dx^2} = -\frac{\mathbf{r}}{\mathbf{e}_s} = -\frac{q}{\mathbf{e}_s} (p - n + N_d^+ - N_a^-) \quad (4.3.1)$$

$$\frac{d^2 \mathbf{f}}{dx^2} = \frac{2qn_i}{\mathbf{e}_s} (\sinh \frac{\mathbf{f} - \mathbf{f}_F}{V_t} + \sinh \frac{\mathbf{f}_F}{V_t}) \quad (4.3.2)$$

$$\sinh \frac{\mathbf{f}_F}{V_t} = \frac{N_a^- - N_d^+}{2n_i} \quad (4.3.3)$$

$$x_d = x_n + x_p \quad (4.3.4)$$

$$\mathbf{r} = q(p - n + N_d^+ - N_a^-) \equiv q(N_d^+ - N_a^-), \text{ for } -x_p \leq x \leq x_n \quad (4.3.5)$$

$$\mathbf{r}(x) = 0 \quad , \text{ for } x \leq -x_p \quad (4.3.6)$$

$$\mathbf{r}(x) = -qN_a \quad , \text{ for } -x_p \leq x \leq 0$$

$$\mathbf{r}(x) = qN_d \quad , \text{ for } 0 \leq x \leq x_n$$

$$\mathbf{r}(x) = 0 \quad , \text{ for } x_n \leq x$$

$$Q_n = qN_d x_n \quad (4.3.7)$$

$$Q_p = -qN_a x_p \quad (4.3.8)$$

$$\frac{dE(x)}{dx} = \frac{\mathbf{r}(x)}{\mathbf{e}_s} \equiv \frac{q}{\mathbf{e}_s} (N_d^+(x) - N_a^-(x)), \text{ for } -x_p \leq x \leq x_n \quad (4.3.9)$$

$$E(x) = 0 \quad , \text{ for } x \leq -x_p \quad (4.3.10)$$

$$\begin{aligned} E(x) &= -\frac{qN_a(x+x_p)}{\epsilon_s} \quad , \text{ for } -x_p \leq x \leq 0 \\ E(x) &= \frac{qN_d(x-x_n)}{\epsilon_s} \quad , \text{ for } 0 \leq x \leq x_n \\ E(x) &= 0 \quad , \text{ for } x_n \leq x \end{aligned}$$

$$E(x=0) = -\frac{qN_a x_p}{\epsilon_s} = -\frac{qN_d x_n}{\epsilon_s} \quad (4.3.11)$$

$$N_d x_n = N_a x_p \quad (4.3.12)$$

$$x_n = x_d \frac{N_a}{N_a + N_d} \quad (4.3.13)$$

$$x_p = x_d \frac{N_d}{N_a + N_d} \quad (4.3.14)$$

$$\frac{d\mathbf{f}(x)}{dx} = -E(x) \quad (4.3.15)$$

$$\mathbf{f}_i - V_a = \frac{qN_d x_n^2}{2\epsilon_s} + \frac{qN_a x_p^2}{2\epsilon_s} \quad (4.3.16)$$

$$x_d = \sqrt{\frac{2\epsilon_s}{q} \left( \frac{1}{N_a} + \frac{1}{N_d} \right) (\mathbf{f}_i - V_a)} \quad (4.3.17)$$

$$x_n = \sqrt{\frac{2\epsilon_s}{q} \frac{N_a}{N_d} \frac{1}{N_a + N_d} (\mathbf{f}_i - V_a)} \quad (4.3.18)$$

$$x_p = \sqrt{\frac{2\epsilon_s}{q} \frac{N_d}{N_a} \frac{1}{N_a + N_d} (\mathbf{f}_i - V_a)} \quad (4.3.19)$$

$$C(V_a) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \left| \frac{dQ(V_a)}{dV_a} \right| \quad (4.3.20)$$

$$C_j = \sqrt{\frac{q\epsilon_s}{2(\mathbf{f}_i - V_a)} \frac{N_a N_d}{N_a + N_d}} \quad (4.3.21)$$

$$C_j = \frac{e_s}{x_d} \quad (4.3.22)$$

$$\frac{1}{C_j^2} = \frac{2}{q e_s} \frac{N_a + N_d}{N_a N_d} (\mathbf{f}_i - V_a) \quad (4.3.23)$$

$$\frac{d(1/C_j^2)}{dV_a} = -\frac{2}{q e_s} \frac{N_a + N_d}{N_a N_d} \quad (4.3.24)$$

$$N_d = -\frac{2}{q e_s} \frac{1}{\frac{d(1/C_j^2)}{dV_a}}, \text{ if } N_a \gg N_d \quad (4.3.25)$$

#### 4.4. The p-n diode current

$$p_n(x = x_n) = p_{n0} e^{V_a/V_t} \quad (4.4.1)$$

$$n_p(x = -x_p) = n_{p0} e^{V_a/V_t} \quad (4.4.2)$$

$$p_n(x = w_n) = p_{n0} \quad (4.4.3)$$

$$n_p(x = -w_p) = n_{p0} \quad (4.4.4)$$

$$p_n(x \geq x_n) = p_{n0} + A e^{-(x-x_n)/L_p} + B e^{(x-x_n)/L_p} \quad (2.9.13)$$

$$n_p(x \leq -x_p) = n_{p0} + C e^{-(x+x_p)/L_p} + D e^{(x+x_p)/L_p} \quad (2.9.14)$$

$$p_n(x \geq x_n) = p_{n0} + A^* \cosh \frac{x-x_n}{L_p} + B^* \sinh \frac{x-x_n}{L_p} \quad (4.4.5)$$

$$n_p(x \leq -x_p) = n_{p0} + C^* \cosh \frac{x+x_p}{L_n} + D^* \sinh \frac{x+x_p}{L_n} \quad (4.4.6)$$

$$p_n(x \geq x_n) = p_{n0} + p_{n0} (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) [\cosh \frac{x-x_n}{L_p} - \coth \frac{w_n'}{L_p} \sinh \frac{x-x_n}{L_p}] \quad (4.4.7)$$

$$n_p(x \leq -x_p) = n_{p0} + n_{p0} (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) [\cosh \frac{x+x_p}{L_n} + \coth \frac{w_p'}{L_n} \sinh \frac{x+x_p}{L_n}] \quad (4.4.8)$$

$$w_n' = w_n - x_n \quad (4.4.9)$$

$$w_p' = w_p - x_p \quad (4.4.10)$$

$$J_p(x \geq x_n) = -qD_p \frac{dp}{dx} \quad (4.4.11)$$

$$= -\frac{qD_p p_{n0}}{L_p} (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) [\sinh \frac{x - x_n}{L_p} - \coth \frac{w_p'}{L_p} \cosh \frac{x - x_n}{L_p}]$$

$$J_n(x \leq -x_p) = qD_n \frac{dn}{dx} \quad (4.4.12)$$

$$= \frac{qD_n n_{p0}}{L_n} (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) [\sinh \frac{x + x_p}{L_n} + \coth \frac{w_p'}{L_n} \cosh \frac{x + x_p}{L_n}]$$

$$I = A[J_n(x = -x_p) + J_p(x = x_n) + J_r] \equiv I_s (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) \quad (4.4.13)$$

$$I_s = qA \left[ \frac{D_n n_{p0}}{L_n} \coth \left( \frac{w_p'}{L_n} \right) + \frac{D_p p_{n0}}{L_p} \coth \left( \frac{w_n'}{L_p} \right) \right] \quad (4.4.14)$$

$$\coth x = \frac{1}{\tanh x} \equiv \frac{1}{x}, \text{ for } x \ll 1 \quad (4.4.15)$$

$$p_n(x \geq x_n) = p_{n0} + p_{n0} (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) \exp \frac{-(x - x_n)}{L_p} \quad (4.4.16)$$

$$n_p(x \leq -x_p) = n_{p0} + n_{p0} (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) \exp \frac{x + x_p}{L_n} \quad (4.4.17)$$

$$J_p(x \geq x_n) = \frac{qD_p p_{n0}}{L_p} (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) \exp \frac{-(x - x_n)}{L_p} \quad (4.4.18)$$

$$J_n(x \leq -x_p) = \frac{qD_n n_{p0}}{L_n} (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) \exp \frac{x + x_p}{L_n} \quad (4.4.19)$$

$$I_s = qA \left[ \frac{D_n n_{p0}}{L_n} + \frac{D_p p_{n0}}{L_p} \right] = qA \left[ \frac{n_{p0} L_n}{t_n} + \frac{p_{n0} L_p}{t_p} \right] \quad (4.4.20)$$

$$I_r \geq qA \frac{p_{n0} x_n}{t_p} (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) \quad (4.4.21)$$

$$x_n \ll L_p \quad (4.4.22)$$

$$0 = D_n \frac{d^2 n_p}{dx^2}, \text{ and } 0 = D_p \frac{d^2 p_n}{dx^2} \quad (4.4.23)$$

$$n_p = A + Bx, \text{ and } p_n = C + Dx \quad (4.4.24)$$

$$p_n = p_{n0} + p_{n0}(e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) \left( 1 - \frac{x - x_n}{w_n} \right) \quad (4.4.25)$$

$$n_p = n_{p0} + n_{p0}(e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) \left( 1 + \frac{x + x_p}{w_p} \right) \quad (4.4.26)$$

$$I = A[J_n(x = -x_p) + J_p(x = x_n) + J_r] \equiv I_s(e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) \quad (4.4.27)$$

$$I_s = qA \left[ \frac{D_n n_{p0}}{w_p} + \frac{D_p p_{n0}}{w_n} \right] \quad (4.4.28)$$

$$J_{b-b} = q \int_{-x_p}^{x_n} U_{b-b} dx \quad (4.4.29)$$

$$U_{b-b} = b(np - n_i^2) \quad (4.4.30)$$

$$n_p = n_i e^{(E_{Fn} - E_i)/kT} n_i e^{(E_i - E_{Fp})/kT} = n_i^2 e^{V_a/V_t} \quad (4.4.31)$$

$$J_{b-b} = q \int_{-x_p}^{x_n} n_i^2 (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) dx = q n_i^2 b x_d (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) \quad (4.4.32)$$

$$J_{SHR} = q \int_{-x_p}^{x_n} U_{SHR} dx \quad (4.4.33)$$

$$J_{SHR} = q \int_{-x_p}^{x_n} \frac{1}{t} \frac{n_i^2 (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1)}{n + p + 2n_i \cosh(\frac{E_t - E_i}{kT})} dx \quad (4.4.34)$$

$$n_p = n_i e^{(F_n - E_i)/kT} n_i e^{(E_i - F_p)/kT} = n_i^2 e^{V_a/V_t} \quad (4.4.35)$$

$$U_{SHR,\max} = \text{MAX} \left( \frac{1}{t} \frac{n_i^2 (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1)}{n + p + 2n_i \cosh(\frac{E_t - E_i}{kT})} \right) \equiv \frac{n_i}{2t} (e^{V_a/2V_t} - 1) \quad (4.4.36)$$

$$x' = \frac{\int_{-x_p}^{x_n} \frac{1}{t} \frac{n_i^2 (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1)}{n + p + 2n_i \cosh(\frac{E_t - E_i}{kT})} dx}{U_{SHR,\max}} \quad (4.4.37)$$

$$J_{SHR} = \frac{qn_i x'}{2t} (e^{V_a / 2V_t} - 1) \quad (4.4.38)$$

$$J = J_s e^{V_a / hV_t} \quad (4.4.39)$$

$$h = \frac{\log(e)}{V_t \text{ slope}} = \frac{1}{\frac{\text{slope}}{59.6 \text{ mV/decade}}} \quad (4.4.40)$$

$$V_a = 2V_t \ln \frac{N_d}{n_i} \quad (4.4.41)$$

$$V_a^* = V_a + IR_s \quad (4.4.42)$$

$$C = \frac{d\Delta Q}{dV_a} \quad (4.4.43)$$

$$\Delta Q_p = \int_{x_n}^{w_n} qA(p_n - p_{n0}) dx \quad (4.4.44)$$

$$\Delta Q_p = qA p_{n0} (e^{V_a / V_t} - 1) L_p = I_{s,p} (e^{V_a / V_t} - 1) t_p \quad (4.4.45)$$

$$I_{s,p} = q \frac{A p_{n0} D_p}{L_p} \quad (4.4.46)$$

$$C_{d,p} = \frac{d(I_{s,p} (e^{V_a / V_t} - 1) t_p)}{dV_a} = \frac{I_{s,p} e^{V_a / V_t} t_p}{V_t} \quad (4.4.47)$$

$$C_{d,p} = \frac{I_{s,p} e^{V_a / V_t} t_{r,p}}{V_t} \quad (4.4.48)$$

$$t_{r,p} = \frac{w_p^2}{2D_p} \quad (4.4.49)$$

## 4.5. Reverse bias breakdown

$$|E_{br}| = \frac{4 \times 10^5}{1 - \frac{1}{3} \log(N/10^{16})} \text{ V/cm} \quad (4.5.1)$$

$$|V_{br}| = -F_i + \frac{|E_{br}|^2 \epsilon_s}{2qN} \quad (4.5.2)$$

$$x_{d,br} = \frac{|E_{br}|e_s}{qN} \quad (4.5.3)$$

$$dn = \mathbf{a}_n n dx \quad (4.5.4)$$

$$M = \frac{1}{\int_{x_1}^{x_2} \mathbf{a} dx} \quad (4.5.5)$$

$$M = \frac{1}{1 - \left| \frac{V_a}{V_{br}} \right|^n}, \text{ where } 2 < n < 6 \quad (4.5.6)$$

$$\Theta = \exp \left( -\frac{4}{3} \frac{\sqrt{2m^*}}{q\hbar} \frac{E_g^{3/2}}{E} \right) \quad (4.5.7)$$

$$J_n = q v_R n \Theta \quad (4.5.8)$$

## 4.6. Optoelectronic devices

$$I = I_s (e^{V_a/V_t} - 1) - I_{ph} \quad (4.6.1)$$

$$I_{ph,\max} = \frac{q}{h\mathbf{n}} P_{in} \quad (4.6.2)$$

$$I_{ph} = (1-R)(1-e^{-\mathbf{a} d}) \frac{qP_{in}}{h\mathbf{n}} \quad (4.6.3)$$

$$\langle i^2 \rangle = 2q I \Delta f \quad (4.6.4)$$

$$\text{Fill Factor} = \frac{I_m V_m}{I_{sc} V_{oc}} \quad (4.6.5)$$

$$\text{Roundtrip amplification} = e^{2gL} R_1 R_2 = 1 \quad (4.6.6)$$

$$g = \frac{1}{2L} \ln \frac{1}{R_1 R_2} \quad (4.6.7)$$

$$P_{out} = h \frac{h\mathbf{n}}{q} (I - I_{th}) \quad (4.6.8)$$